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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/852,968	05/10/2001	Eugene Y. Chan	C0989/7016(HCL)	5672
7590 10/28/2010 Helen C. Lockhart c/o Wolf, Greenfield & Sacks, P.C., Federal Reserve Plaza			EXAMINER	
			MUMMERT, STEPHANIE KANE	
600 Atlantic Avenue		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Boston, MA 02210-2211			1637	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/852,968	CHAN, EUGENE Y.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	STEPHANIE K. MUMMERT	1637
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tid d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron te, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ■ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 c 2a) ■ This action is FINAL . 2b) ■ Thi 3) ■ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>178-183</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrases 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>178-183</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/seconds.	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). pjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/19/10. 	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's amendment filed on July 21, 2010 is acknowledged and has been entered.

Claims 178 and 179 are amended. Claims 1-177 have been canceled. Claims 182-183 have been

added. Claims 178-183 are pending.

Claims 178-183 are discussed in this Office action.

All of the remaining amendments and arguments have been thoroughly reviewed and

considered but are not found persuasive for the reasons discussed below. Any rejection not

reiterated in this action has been withdrawn as being obviated by the amendment of the claims.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a

prior Office action.

This action is made FINAL as necessitated by Amendment.

Previous Grounds of Rejection

The rejection of claims as lacking enablement is withdrawn in view of Applicant's

amendment.

Priority

The later-filed application must be an application for a patent for an invention which is

also disclosed in the prior application (the parent or original nonprovisional application or

provisional application). The disclosure of the invention in the parent application and in the later-

filed application must be sufficient to comply with the requirements of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112. See *Transco Products, Inc. v. Performance Contracting, Inc.*, 38 F.3d 551, 32 USPQ2d 1077 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

The disclosure of the prior-filed application, Application No. 60/037921 filed February 12, 1997, fails to provide adequate support or enablement in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 for one or more claims of this application. The newly added claims specifically recite "emits the fluorescence signal in the absence of fluorescence resonance energy transfer". However, the prior filed application is directed entirely to detection using RET or FRET detection. A careful review of the disclosure did not indicate the embodiment(s) claimed herein, where the marker is exposed to electromagnetic radiation and the signal is detected. Therefore, the claims will be afforded the filing date of the priority document with proper support for the claims, 60/064687, filed November 5, 1997.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 178-182 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yin et al. (Science, 1995, 270, 1653-1657) in view of Nie et al. (1995, Anal. Chem., 67(17), p. 2849-2857).

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laser illumination or electromagnetic radiation).

With regard to claim 178, Yin teaches a method comprising:

providing a nucleic acid, and detecting, while the nucleic acid is moved relative to
electromagnetic radiation by a tethered polymerase (Figure 1, where an RNA polymerase is
attached or tethered to a cover slip of a flow cell and the transcription process is monitored by

With regard to claim 179, Yin teaches a method comprising:
moving a nucleic acid past electromagnetic radiation using a tethered polymerase,
exposing the nucleic acid to electromagnetic radiation, and detecting the nucleic acid (Figure 1,
where an RNA polymerase is attached or tethered to a cover slip of a flow cell and the
transcription process is monitored by laser illumination or electromagnetic radiation).

Regarding claim 178-182, Yin does not teach labeling with a unit specific marker.

Nie teaches real time detection of single molecules using confocal fluorescence microscopy (Abstract).

With regard to claim 178, Nie teaches nucleic acid labeled with a unit specific marker and detecting at least one FRET-independent fluorescent signal emitted from the unit (p. 2651, col. 1, where DNA was labeled with a fluorescent dye, Figure 8).

With regard to claim 179, Nie teaches method for detecting a unit specific marker bound to a nucleic acid comprising exposing a fluorescently labeled unit specific marker bound to the nucleic acid and detecting an electromagnetic radiation signal from the fluorescently labeled unit specific marker in the absence of fluorescence resonance energy transfer (p. 2651, col. 1, where DNA was labeled with a fluorescent dye, Figure 8).

With regard to claim 182, Nie teaches an embodiment of claim 178, further including storing a signature of signals (p. 2651, col. 1, where DNA was labeled with a fluorescent dye, Figure 8, for example, where signals were stored over time).

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It would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have adjusted the teachings of Yin to include the fluorescent labeling of Nie to arrive at the claimed invention with a reasonable expectation for success. As taught by Nie, "through fluorescent labeling, single-molecule detection has been achieved for deoxynucleotides, oligonucleotides and double-stranded DNA molecules. The extraordinary sensitivity allows structural dynamics studies of individual DNA molecules labeled with only a few or a single fluorescent tag" (p. 2857, col. 1). Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to have adjusted the teachings of Yin to include the fluorescent labeling of Nie to arrive at the claimed invention with a reasonable expectation for success.

Claims 180-181 and 183 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yin et al. (Science, 1995, 270, 1653-1657) in view of Nie et al. (1995, Anal. Chem., 67(17), p. 2849-2857) as applied to claims 178-179 and 182, and further in view of Vurek et al. (US Patent 5,119,463; June 1992).

Regarding claims 180, while Yin and Nie teach apparatuses comprising a laser for detection, Yin and Nie are not specific regarding the presence of a waveguide. Vurek teaches the use of a waveguide in the detection (Abstract).

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With regard to claim 180-181 and 183, Vurek teaches an embodiment of claim 178, wherein the electromagnetic radiation is transported through a waveguide (Abstract, Figure 1).

It would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated a waveguide of the type described by Vurek into the method of fluorescence detection of Yin and Nie to arrive at the claimed invention with a reasonable expectation for success. As taught by Vurek, "The optical waveguide carries light signals at different wavelengths for monitoring oxygen concentration, carbon dioxide concentration, and pH levels. The probe is designed so that light signals used to monitor carbon dioxide concentration are optically prevented from impinging on the sensor used to monitor (Abstract)". Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to have incorporated a waveguide of the type described by Vurek into the method of fluorescence detection of Yin and Nie to arrive at the claimed invention with a reasonable expectation for success.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 178-183 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

All claims stand rejected. No claims are allowed.

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Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to STEPHANIE K. MUMMERT whose telephone number is (571)272-8503. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on 571-272-0782. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Stephanie K. Mummert/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1637

SKM